

FIRE

INSTRUCTIONS

RAISE THE ALARM

**REMOVE PERSONS IN
IMMEDIATE DANGER**

FIGHT THE FIRE IF IT IS SAFE TO DO SO

EVACUATE TO

CLOSE DOORS

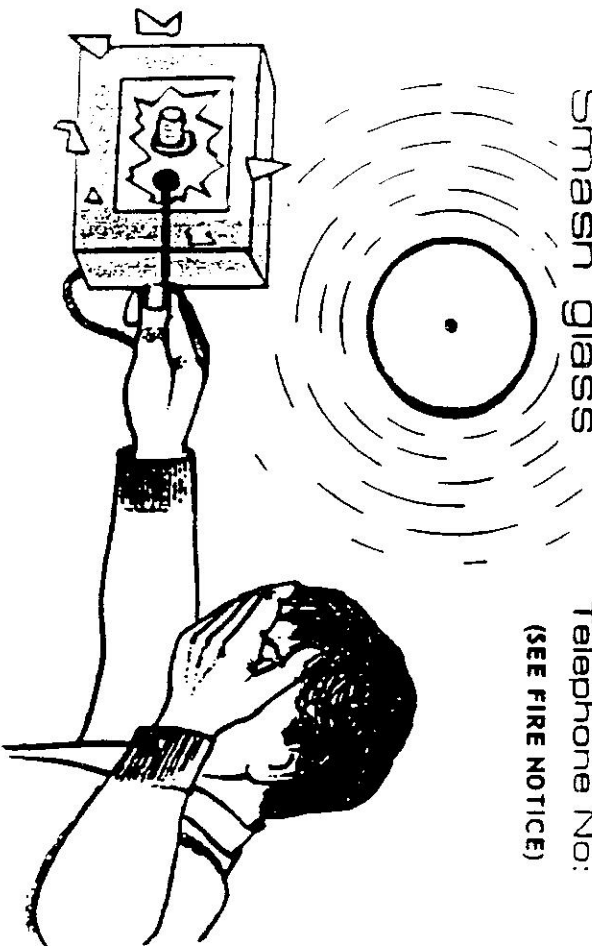
TAKE ROLL CALL



**AT ALL TIMES
'GUARD AGAINST ALL RISK OF FIRE'**

Sound the Alarm ^{or} Dial Emergency Telephone No:
Smash glass

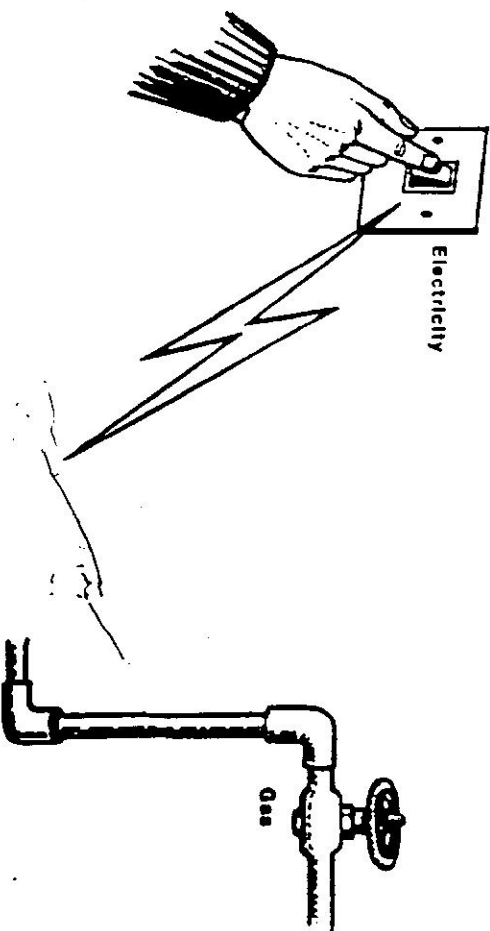
(SEE FIRE NOTICE)



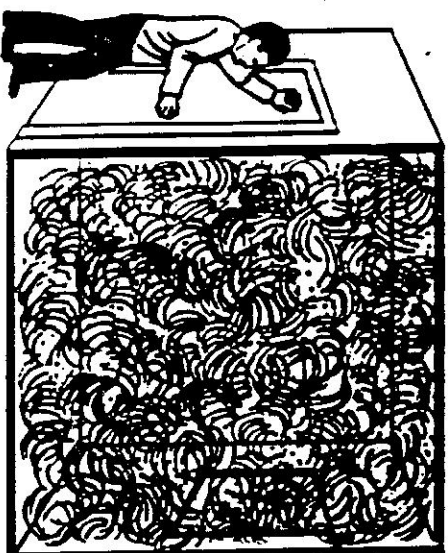
Remove Patients from immediate Danger



Switch off where possible Fuel Supply feeding the Fire



Close Doors and Windows to contain Smoke



More people are killed by smoke than by fire

FIRST AID FIRE-FIGHTING EQUIPMENT AND ITS USE

CLASS OF FIRE

CLASS (A)

These are fires of free burning materials, i.e. wood, paper, textiles. These need to be cooled if they are to be extinguished. Water has greater cooling properties than any of the other extinguishing agents. Water is to be used for this type of fire.

WATER EXTINGUISHERS AND HOSE/REELS - PAINTED RED

DO NOT USE WATER ON FLAMMABLE LIQUID OR ELECTRICAL FIRES.

CLASS (B)

These are flammable liquid fires i.e. oils, fats, varnishes, alcohol, petroleum. These fires need to be smothered if they are to be extinguished. The following extinguishers are smothering agents:

FOAM
C.O.2.
B.C.F.
FIRE BLANKETS
SAND.

FOAM EXTINGUISHERS
C.O.2.
B.C.F.
FIRE BLANKETS

CREAM
BLACK
GREEN
RED CONTAINER OR PLASTIC
PACK

For fires involving electrical equipment, the first thing to do if possible, is to switch off the supply. If you do this, there is a good chance that the fire will go out.

Whether or not you are able to switch the supply off, use one of the following extinguishers:

C.O.2. or B.C.F.

Never use water or foam on an electrical fire. You could get a very bad shock.

B.C.F. extinguishers give off a slight toxic fume when used. If you use a B.C.F. extinguisher in a confined space, do not wait around afterwards and ventilate the area.

For a person whose clothing is on fire, wrap a fire blanket, rug, coat or blanket round them. Failing that, get them to the floor and roll the flames out. Never let a person whose clothing is alight RUN

With all these precautions, there is one main theme and that is DON'T PANIC, set an example to those under you and to those who depend on you.

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Never attempt to fight a fire on your own. Get help by sounding the fire alarm.

When fighting a fire, always make sure that you can retreat if the fire gets out of hand.

Never attempt to fight a fire that is too big for you or has got out of hand. Close the doors and windows adjacent and be ready to move out of the area should this be required.

If you cannot remember how to use the fire extinguishers, read the instructions on the container.

Remember always that the extinguishers are first aid only. Do not attempt to fight a large fire with them.

Never remove or play with fire extinguishers and if you use one or it is knocked over, always report it so that it can be replaced or checked by the Fire Department.

EXTRACT TAKEN FROM HEALTH & SAFETY AT WORK ACT

Section 4 - General duties of persons concerned with premises to persons other than their employees.

- (2) It shall be the duty of each person who has, to any extent, control of premises to which this section applies or the means of access thereto or egress therefrom to take such measures as is reasonable for a person in his position to take to ensure, so far as is practicable, that the premises, all means of access thereto or egress therefrom available for use by persons using the premises, and any plant or substances in the premises or, as the case may be, provided for use there, is safe and without risks to health.

SECTION 7. GENERAL DUTIES OF EMPLOYEES AT WORK

It shall be the duty of every employee while at work:

- (a) to take reasonable care for the health and safety of himself and of other persons who may be affected by his acts or omissions at work; and
- (b) as regards any duty or requirement imposed on his employer or any other person by or under any of the relevant statutory provisions, to co-operate with him, so far as is necessary to enable that duty or requirement to be performed or complied with.

SECTION 8. Duty not to interfere with or misuse things provided pursuant to certain provisions.

No person shall intentionally or recklessly interfere with or misuse anything provided in the interests of health, safety or welfare in pursuance of any of the relevant statutory provisions.

Sanctions:

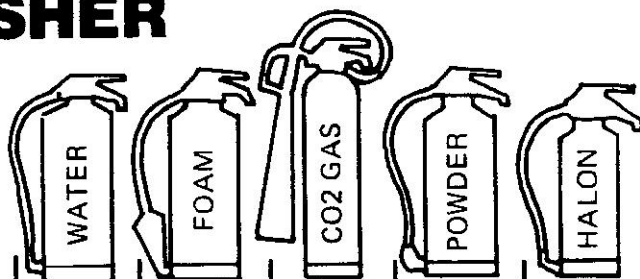
**On conviction in Magistrates Court:
up to £2000-00p**



**On conviction in Crown Court:
unlimited and/or
up to two years**

KNOW YOUR FIRE EXTINGUISHER

it is vital to use the right extinguisher for the particular fire risk involved.

CLASS OF FIRE RISK



	RED	CREAM	BLACK	BLUE	GREEN
A PAPER, WOOD, TEXTILE & FABRIC	✓			✓	
B FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS		✓	✓	✓	✓
C FLAMMABLE GASES			✓	✓	✓
 ELECTRICAL HAZARDS			✓	✓	✓
 VEHICLE PROTECTION				✓	✓